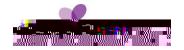


MEDICAL

Medical Policy Statement prepared by CareSource and its affiliates are derived from literature based on and supported by clinical guidelines, nationally recognized utilization and technology assessment guidelines, other medical management industry standards, and published MCO clinical policy guidelines. Medically necessary services include, but are not limited to, those health care services or supplies that are proper and necessary for the diagnosis or treatment of disease, illness, or injury and without which the patient can be expected to suffer prolonged, increased or new morbidity, impairment of function, dysfunction of a body organ or part, or significant pain and discomfort. These services meet the standards of good medical practice in the local area, are the lowest cost alternative, and are not provided mainly for the convenience of the member or provider. Medically necessary services also include those services defined in any Evidence of Coverage documents, Medical Policy Statements, Provider Manuals, Member Handbooks, and/or other policies and procedures.

Medical Policy Statements prepared by CareSource and its affiliates do not ensure an authorization or payment of services. Please refer to the plan contract (often referred to as the Evidence of Coverage) for the service(s) referenced in the Medical Policy Statement. If there is a conflict between the Medical Policy Statement and the plan contract (i.e., Evidence of Coverage), then the plan contract (i.e., Evidence of Coverage) will be the controlling document used to make the determination. According to the rules of Mental Health Parity Addiction Equity Act (MHPAEA), coverage for the diagnosis and treatment of a behavioral health disorder will not be subject to any limitations that are less favorable than the limitations that apply to medical conditions as covered under this policy.

This policy applies to the following Marketplace(s):					
\boxtimes	Georgia	⊠ Indiana	⊠ Kentucky	⊠ Ohio	
		1	,	1	
Table of Contents					
Α.	Subject2				
B.	Background2				
C.	Definitions				
D.	Policy				
E.	State-Specific Information5				
F.	Conditions of Coverage5				
G.	Related Policies/Rules				
H.	Review/Revision History5				
I.	References				5



A. Subject

Negative Pressure Wound Therapy

B. Background

Negative pressure wound therapy (NPWT), also known as vacuum-assisted wound closure, is a type of wound therapy that is used to treat chronic wounds, such as ulcers related to pressure sores, venous or arterial insufficiency, or neuropathy. There are many causes for pressure ulcers, such as diabetes, vascular insufficiencies, or an underlying medical condition.

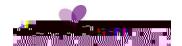
NPWT involves the controlled application of subatmospheric pressure to the surface of a wound. This type of therapy utilizes an electrical pump, connected to a specialized dressing that then removes debris and exudate from the wound and drains into a collection canister. NPWT is a noninvasive type of therapy that has been shown to be effective in accelerating wound healing for chronic wounds.

To provide a more conducive environment for wound healing, the NPWT method utilizes a semipermeable dressing that always remains moist and warm. This therapy can be done in the home or in an outpatient treatment facility. NPWT typically does not require in-patient monitoring.

C. Definitions

- Arterial Insufficiency Ulcer. A type of ulcer that develops due to the lack of delivery of oxygen-rich blood to the tissue which causes the tissue to begin to deteriorate and develop into an open wound.
- Deep Tissue Pressure Injury. A type of injury resulting from a serious pressure
 ulcer that has advanced with additional necrosis of underlying soft tissue that may or
 may not be visible.
- Dehisced Wounds . A

Negative Pressure Wound Therapy-MP-MM-1386 Effective Date: 01/01/2024



- Compression garments/dressing/bandages are being applied consistently per physician orders in documented venous insufficiency plan of care for at least 30 days.
- 2. Ambulation and leg elevation have been ordered and documented ongoing compliance is in the member medical record.
- D. Member has any of the following:
 - 1. high-risk open fracture
 - 2. dehisced wound
 - 3. post sternotomy wound complication or infection (mediastinitis)
 - 4. surgically created wound with complications resulting in a need for accelerated granulation therapy that cannot be achieved by other treatment modalities, such as topical wound treatment.
 - 5. open non-healing amputation site in diabetic
 - 6. delayed healing or non-healing of skin graft which is likely due to irregularly contoured or inadequate blood flow from the graft bed
- II. CareSource members may be eligible for the continuation of NPWT treatment when documentation by a licensed medical professional includes ALL of the following criteria:
 - A. A licensed medical professional has directly performed the dressing change and is monitoring and controlling the members underl ing medical conditions.
 - B. The wound has progressive and measurable improvement.
 - 1. If no measurable degree of improvement in wound healing has occurred from month to month, the approval for the NPWT will be discontinued.
 - An exception to measurable improvement is when a wound has been debrided within the last approval period. Documentation of debridement must accompany the request for continuation of NPWT. Before and after images are preferred.
 - C. If abnormal, provisions have been made to the members nutritional status.
- III. CareSource does not consider NPWT medically necessary for non-healing wounds or ulcers under any of the following medical conditions:
 - A. exposed nerves, blood vessels, or organs in the vicinity of the wound
 - B. uncontrolled soft tissue infection or osteomyelitis
 - C. malignancy present in the wound
 - D. necrotic tissue is present in the wound with eschar and has not been debrided

 Deschar and has not beenbeening after tarrefthe wound(ol)6(i)5(ow)6(i)5(ng)3()-4(h)13(ol)

Negative Pressure Wound Therapy-MP-MM-1386 Effective Date: 01/01/2024



6. PICO single use negative pressure wound therapy system (Smith & Nephew) for cesarean birth wound care. Hayes; 2022. Reviewed May 17, 2023. Accessed September 14, 2023. www.evidence.hayesinc.com

Independent medical review 4/2020